

IRMA DISTRICT
The Irma District is the most important Oil, Natural Gas and Mixed Farming District in Alberta. 110 miles S. E. of Edmonton, 200 miles N. W. of Saskatoon. If you want to keep in touch with this important district, subscribe for The Irma Times and get all the news each week.

Development of Alberta's Natural Resources Will Bring Prosperity

Vol. 8; No. 16.

B.P. Report Doubt By Local Observers

The report emanating from the shareholders meeting of the British Petroleum, Limited, at Vancouver last Friday, that the company had brought in a five hundred barrel gusher, has caused very little excitement among local residents of the Irma-Wainwright districts. We hope the management of this company will be able to verify this report and in due time demonstrate that the wells drilled by them are capable of producing the oil and gas claimed for them. Any company that can drill three successful wells in succession, on three separate sections of land, deserves all the credit and support that the citizens of Canada can bestow on them. Their capital stock, even if it is highly inflated, should be a good investment. If, however, these reports cannot be verified and it can be proven that they have been circulated with the object of allowing the holders of large blocks of promotion stock, to unload it on the small investor, every effort should be made by the Dominion and Provincial Department of Justice to put a stop to any such practice. That Alberta can produce a large share of the World's future needs of crude petroleum, has been stated by many reputable petroleum engineers and geologists. Large amounts of capital will be required to develop the structures that these men have pronounced favorable for the production of oil. This capital we believe is now available, if the investing public can be shown that they will be given a square deal by the men who handle it. If half the money invested in leases and in this stock since this report was published, could be spent in economical drilling, Alberta would soon have cheaper gasoline and oil. Over a year ago this company announced that they had brought in their No. 1 well with a flow of six million feet of gas per day, capable of producing 2.5 gallons of gasoline per thousand feet, (15,000 gallons of gasoline per day). Yet to date we are unable to hear of any effort being made to use this gas nor to recover the gasoline from it. Early last winter No. 2 well was completed and oil was allowed to flow from it for several hours, this well was again reported to be in first class condition, this spring and to be capable of producing 200 barrels per day of high class oil. Tanks and pipe line were reported to have been ordered but have not materialized. Now comes the report from Vancouver that No. 3 well has been completed and will produce 500 barrels per day. Good news for the shareholder, also good news for the promoter who wishes to dispose of his stock. No admittance has been given to local residents to any of the wells since the operations started this spring, but had any such amount of oil been allowed to flow its presence would be known to some one in the district. If the directors of this company are not responsible for the spread of these reports they should use every effort to have them corrected and at the same time see that correct information is being given as to the result of their drilling.

Irma Oil Development Co. Resume Drilling

After a lapse of several months, drilling operations were resumed at the well west of Irma, last Monday morning. This company have given a contract for the completion of their well and expect to have the drilling rushed so as to have the well completed before the cold weather sets in. Over seventy-five per cent of the subscribed capital in the Irma Oil Development Company is held by Irma people who are very confident that within the next few months they will have a commercial well. In addition to the lease on which they are drilling they hold over 1,000 acres scattered over the Irma-Fabyan-Wainwright fields and were selected before any of the recent wells were drilled. The directors are all local business men who have devoted a lot of time and energy in making this company a success.

Casing For Maple Leaf Well Arrives

The long delayed shipment of casing for the Maple Leaf Oil company was reported to be at Wainwright Thursday. Upon its arrival at the well the crew will proceed to place it in the hole and cement it so as to exclude any water from the upper strata. This operation will probably take from ten days to two weeks, after which time the cement can be drilled from the inside of the pipe and a test made. The timbers for the next derrick are reported to be on the way from the coast and operations should start on No. 2 as soon as No. 1 has been completed.

IRMA TIMES

THE ALBERTA OIL GAZETTE

Irma, Alberta, Canada, Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

Single Copies 5c each. \$2.00 Per Year in Advance

Millions Risked on Oil Leases

Motorists Give No Thought to the Tremendous Chances Taken by Oil Men to Maintain the Supply of Gasoline for 15,000,000 Cars.

Lo, the poor Indian! Sd! some aren't so unlucky. The Osage Indians in Oklahoma are the richest group of people per capita in the world. They made their fortunes and are increasing their fortunes out of oil.

Not All Romance
Every once in a while the Government conducts an auction sale of leases at Pawhuska, Okla., in the Osage Nation. In the summer the sale is held under a big tree beside the Indian office.

Here the oil men gather with their maps and certified checks prepared to bid and pay great sums in bonuses for leases. The Indian's office tree is known as "the million dollar tree". The Osage sale is not all romance. The practical side of the story relates to the efforts of the oil men to obtain enough petroleum production to supply the growing needs of the motorist for gasoline and the increasing requirements of all industries for petroleum products.

The sale gives some idea of the great amount of capital needed to produce oil, the hazards of finding oil and the willingness of the oil man to risk everything in an attempt to supply the public demand.

Ninety-One Million Dollars for Leases
Oil men have paid in bonuses for leases of Indian land in the Osage Nation a total of nearly \$91,000,000 since the first sale conducted by the Government in 1912.

These millions have been paid merely for the privilege of drilling. Additional millions are spent every year by the oil men in the purchase of leases in proven, prosperous or "wildcat" territory. The oil producing industry pays annually to the farmer and the land owner \$107,000,000 in royalties and rentals. This is the latest figure available for 1919—and probably the sum is now much greater.

The oil man takes the risk. He makes the investment. He pays in bonuses for a lease anywhere from a few hundred dollars to several hundred thousand dollars. If he wins oil, the lesser shares, receiving usually one-eighth in value of the oil produced. If he loses, the oil man foots the whole bill.

The Lucky Osages
In the Osage, bonuses for desirable leases run over the million-dollar mark. At the last sale in March of this year, held in the Opera House at Pawhuska, a record price of \$1,990,000 was paid for a lease. The Osage leases are on 160 acre tracts.

The Indian owner gets the cash before there is even a start at drilling, before it has been demonstrated by the drill that anyone here enough oil is hidden under the lease to pay out that two million dollars.

There are 2,229 Osages at the present time. In 1907 the Government made an even allotment of the land among the Osages then living. These allotments were called headrights.

The Osages, of course, are under Government guardianship. They receive only the income from their millions. Last year this income alone averaged approximately \$12,000 a head, \$1,000 a month.

In some cases, the individual Osage Indians have several headrights. Thru inheritance they have acquired one or more headrights in addition to their original headright. Their income is multiplied accordingly.

The richest member of the tribe is a young woman named Mary Elkins. She has eight and a half headrights. She owns over 5,000 acres of Osage lands. All of the holdings are oil bearing.

During 1923 Mary Elkins received as her share in bonuses and royalties paid by the oil men \$103,000. She has a bank roll nearing the million-dollar mark.

He Takes A Chance
If the oil man is successful in bidding in a tract on the Osage he has to start drilling, and wells in the Osage cost from \$35,000 to \$45,000 each to drill. Out of his production he has

to pay the Indian owner either a sixth or a fifth royalty.

He has no assurance that he will find oil. When a man buys coal lands he has had the presence and almost the exact quantity of mineral beneath the surface surveyed and determined by engineers. He takes no chances whatever as regards his raw material. He knows the coal or ore is there, ready to be taken out.

Hazards of Drilling
Every oil field in the United States was opened by a wildcatter. Sometimes the wildcatter is an individual oil operator and often a large oil company. Any well drilled a considerable distance beyond a producing area is a wildcat, in petroleum phraseology. Leaseholds bought for the purpose of drilling for oil and gas were tested with the drill in Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, Louisiana and Arkansas in 1923 showed nearly half a fifth test wells drilled were dry—that is, an absolute loss.

The wildcatter knows the chances against him when he starts a well but the quality of his courage is such that he is willing to assume the financial hazard in the hope of a big reward commensurate with the risk.

New Fields Must Be Found
New oil fields must be constantly found or there will be a shortage of gasoline and other petroleum products.

To finance the "new production" of crude oil that is absolutely essential to meet the constantly growing demand is estimated that half a million dollars a year have been required.

If the petroleum industry is to continue to grow during the next five years as it has during the past five, which growth has been a reflection of the growth of other industries that are absolutely dependent upon the products of petroleum, then the petroleum industry must continue to have the use every year of about \$500,000,000.

The enterprise of the oil industry has built towns and cities throughout the country where once existed only poverty and desolation. Oil Oklahoma on the map; it is making Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas and California prosperous. It has directly brought wealth and progress to 47 States where oil has been found and developed, and its benefits as an essential to modern progress have been nationwide.

In the past year it gave California an experience that made the boom days of '49 seem tame in comparison.

Estimated Expenditures
It is estimated that the petroleum producing and refining industry spend over \$1,000,000,000 annually in the purchase of supplies, materials, fuel and power.

It contributes by its gigantic purchases to the prosperity of the steel, automobile, lumber, rope, explosives, paint cement, brick, chemical, scientific apparatus, engine, pump, coal and numerous other industries.

The petroleum industry is probably the largest single purchaser of motor trucks for use in the field and in the marketing of gasoline and kerosene.

Besides its investment in pipe lines for the transportation of crude oil, the petroleum industry is one of the heaviest railroad shippers, contributing largely to railroad revenues and prosperity.

The Fortunes Lost
The records show that vastly more money has been spent seeking for gold than was ever taken from the gold mines.

History registers the fame of the bonanza kings of '49 and the fortunes found in the Klondike, but it is silent about the unfortunate thousands of gold seekers who lost their all and failed to find the precious metal.

So it is with oil.
But as the lure of gold leads men to the remotest regions in the hope of being among the fortunate few, the lure of striking oil carries the oil man across the continents and over the seas.

Announcement 500 Bbl. Well Was Premature

Field Superintendent Emmens Says He Was Misquoted at Vancouver Meeting.

EXPECT RESULTS WITHIN TWO WEEKS.

Number Four B. P. Well Also Shows Signs of Being a Big Producer in a Short Time.

(Edmonton Journal.)

Reports of a 500-barrel well being brought in in No. 3 Petroleum well, in the Wainwright field, were exploded by Newton W. Emmens, field superintendent of the company, on his arrival here on Wednesday after attending the recent annual meeting of shareholders at Vancouver last week. The well has not been brought in as a producer yet and it will likely be two weeks before it can be proved to be a producer.

"The report to the shareholders at Vancouver was misquoted," declared Mr. Emmens today. "But there is every reason to believe that the well will have a productive capacity of 500 barrels a day."

Will Resume Drilling

When the casing in No. 3 well is in final readiness drilling will be resumed. It is expected that operations will be undertaken again next Monday, says Mr. Emmens.

"We are not going to blow the well and there will be no public demon-

stration when it is brought in, as we have every reason to believe will be the result," says Mr. Emmens. "We intend to bring in these wells as producers without 'blowing' them."

No. 3 well is now down some 2021 feet, while No. 4 well is somewhere around the 2,000 foot mark. High hopes are held for big results at No. 4 well also.

Two More Wells

"When these wells are drilled, operations will start on two more wells at once" said the superintendent in discussing the fall development program. The work will naturally depend largely on the weather, but it is the intention to keep two drills going steadily.

With the field proven by the new producing wells, an effort will be made to arrange with the Canadian National Railways for supplying locomotives with fuel. The consummation of these plans are naturally held up, until the well are brought in, according to Mr. Emmens.

Minutes of Municipal Council Battle River

Councillors of the Municipal District of Battle River No. 423 met in Council room. All members present.

Minutes of last meeting were read and on motion of Mr. Burton were adopted as read.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that letter from C. P. R. re read diversion in N. W. 31-44-9 be tabled and that Mr. Smallwood be appointed to investigate same and report at next meeting. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Smallwood that Secretary notify the Viking Hospital that Johannes Halderson never being a resident of this municipality that the municipality is in no way responsible for hospital treatment. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Golding that Mr. King be appointed to investigate road diversion between Sec's 3 and 4 and north of 3-46-7-44th and report at next meeting. Cd.

Moved by Mr. King that arrears of taxes on N. W. 1-4 36-45-7 be cancelled to December 31st, 1919. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Smallwood that Sec'y write Mr. B. Adjus stating that this Council is adjourning Provincial laws and have received no notification of any legislation exempting Soldier Settlers up to Oct. 1st, 1924. Cd.

Mr. Armstrong's report on weed inspection was read.

Moved by Mr. Smallwood that report of Mr. Armstrong be accepted. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Burton that Mr. Golding be appointed Deputy Reeve for the balance of the year. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that Mr. Fischer be appointed a delegate to attend the Municipal Districts Convention. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Golding that Mr. Smallwood be appointed a delegate to attend the Municipal Districts Convention. Cd.

Moved by Mr. King that the delegates be allowed \$35.00 each for expenses to convention. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Smallwood that this Council accept the \$500.00 forwarded by C. N. R. and that money be spent on opening up road to crossing on west hill providing C. N. R. open up crossing at railway. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Golding that Secretary notify Mr. M. Beaupre that it will be necessary for him to fence his property to protect his crop as the road allowance is going to be opened up. Cd.

pay \$2.00 per day and balance when actual cost per patient is arrived at. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Golding that the following resolution be forwarded to the Secretary of the Municipal Districts Convention:

"Whereas there are in the Province of Alberta many people who do not pay taxes and when they become sick, in many cases become a burden on the Municipality in which they reside:

"Therefore be it resolved that this Convention go on record as asking the Provincial Government to enact legislation enabling the Municipalities to collect a poll tax from all persons of the full age of 21 years who are wage earners and do not otherwise pay taxes."

Furthermore that this tax be collected by the employer out of the first money earned and paid to the Secretary of the Municipality to go towards the general revenue of the Municipality. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Golding that the following accounts be passed and paid: W. T. Steele—Repairs \$4.00 Workmen's Comp. Bd.—Assessment \$32.60 W. E. Washburn—Material 18.00 W. H. Harper—Commission 4.00 J. J. Armstrong—Weed Inspection 20.00

Carried
Moved by W. T. Barber, bailiff, be appointed collector for this Municipality and that W. H. Harper be dismissed. In favor, Golding, Blakley and Fischer. Against, Smallwood, Burton and King. Motion lost.

Moved by Mr. Smallwood that W. H. Harper be given a list of all seed grain accounts and that he make seizure in each case and that he receive commission only on money actually collected by him. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Burton that the following time sheets be passed:
Wm. Santee \$558.25
Wm. Santee 162.75
J. H. Lenton 126.50
Geo. Rubenok 178.70
Geo. Rubenok 242.50
Geo. Rubenok 68.45
Geo. Rubenok 207.40
J. J. Armstrong 129.50

Carried.
Moved by Mr. Blakley that Council adjourn to meet 1st Tuesday in October. Cd.

ICE CREAM SOCIAL

The R. R. Lodge No. 87 will hold an Ice Cream Social on Wednesday evening, August 27th at the home of W. M. Anderson, Clark Manor. Everybody welcome.

Mrs. W. M. Anderson.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea" and extra good is the ORANGE PEKOE QUALITY

The Canadian Senate

The much debated question of reform of the Senate of Canada is at long last to be removed from the realm of academic discussion into the arena of practical politics. If it could only be removed at the same time from partisan dispute it would be the gain of the country.

Prior to the recent prorogation of Parliament, Premier King announced that at the next session the Government would introduce legislation having for its object an appeal to the British Parliament to so amend the British North America Act as to confer on the House of Commons of Canada the same measure of authority and control over legislation initiated by that body as is now enjoyed by the British House of Commons.

The Canadian Senate, the House of Lords had a habit of "killing" measures passed by the Commons and sent to the Lords for their approval. Year after year the Lords have nullified the efforts of the Government of which Lloyd George was a member, and finally the consent of the Crown was obtained to a measure which provides that if a Bill passes the Commons three times within a period of not less than two years, it becomes law whether the Lords pass it or not. Since the passage of this Act, the House of Lords has not vetoed the law of the Dominion.

Former King proposes that the British Parliament shall confer on the Canadian House of Commons the same authority as is now enjoyed by the British House of Commons. In other words, if a Bill passes the Canadian Commons at three consecutive sessions the Senate shall be powerless to prevent it becoming the law of the Dominion.

It will be seen, therefore, that the proposal is not so much one of reform of the Senate as a curtailment of the veto powers of that body.

The Government has been forced to action by the rising tide of public opinion against the veto power of the Senate in "killing" legislation. This year, for a second time, the Senate has vetoed the Canadian National Railways and derived thousands of Western settlers of urgently needed means of transportation. In like manner the Senate vetoed the legislation providing for the distribution of the pension funds belonging, not to Canada, but to Canada's ex-servicemen. The Senate also over-ruled the recommendations of the Ralston Commission, a Parliamentary Committee and the unanimous decision of the House of Commons to make the soldiers' bonus permanent, and in other ways nullified legislation designed to assist Canada's returned soldiers.

Inasmuch as the Canadian Senate is wholly and absolutely beyond the control of the people, and is probably the most undemocratic legislative body in the world today, showing an almost complete disregard for the wishes of the people, it has become an imperative necessity that, if it is to continue to exist, its arbitrary use of the veto power shall be restricted.

While it is a Liberal Government in Canada, as it is a Liberal Government in Great Britain, which is moving to curtail the veto power of the Upper Chamber, such action should not be made a party question nor a partisan issue. The Senate has nullified and killed legislation passed by the Commons on the initiative of both Liberal and Conservative Governments, and the party in opposition today may be the victim of the irresponsibility of the Senate tomorrow.

In a democratic country like Canada, the elected representatives of the people must govern, and, unless some reasonable guarantee is provided that the people's will shall prevail, the people will eventually wipe the Senate out of existence.

The Senate was designed to provide a check, a safeguard, against hasty legislation by the Commons on a wave of popular but passing enthusiasm, and to protect minorities against any aggression or injustice by the majority. But it was never intended that the Senate should usurp the right of nullifying the whole policy of the Commons and the Government of the country.

The proposal that legislation shall become effective if it passes the House of Commons three times is safe and sane. It provides adequate opportunity for the feeling of the country to be tested. If public opinion does not support the Commons, that fact will be made manifest, and the legislation will be dropped or satisfactorily amended. But if in three sessions the elected representatives of the people record their approval of any Bill, it is safe to assume that it represents the will of the people and should become effective. And no non-elected, life-appointed body should be allowed to prevent it.

Many New Elevators

Fifty-Four Grain Elevators To Be Built In Saskatchewan

Sixty applications have been received from elevator companies for sites on the new Canadian National Railway branch lines, 54 of which are for points in Saskatchewan. Requests for sites have been made for six elevators on the Ste. Rose-Rosetown line, the proposed location being Ste. Rose and Methley.

Construction of these elevators, with a total storage capacity of 2,000,000 bushels, would involve an expenditure of \$1,000,000.

Work on the construction of ten new elevators is proceeding already at points in Saskatchewan, while material, such as rock, sand and cement, is on the ground for the erection of four or five other buildings.—Free Press.

Like British Rule

Two Fulan Big Chiefs have been selected by all the Fulan chiefs to go to England to tell the King-Emperor how gratified the Ishlanders are at the humane and just rule which is accorded them under the British flag. This is the Jubilee year of the islands.

Worth Watching

Watch the railway crossing gates, by all means. Sometimes it is not a very far cry from the crossing gates to the party ditto.

Work Among Indians

Appropriations Amounting to Three Million Dollars Passed at Ottawa

Appropriations amounting to approximately \$3,000,000 for work among Indians, confined mostly to the western provinces, were passed by the House of Commons. Of this amount \$1,554,000 was for educational purposes, and \$799,000 to assist young Indian students to set up for themselves and also to make loans to Indians for the construction of homes.

Hon. Chas. Stewart, Minister of the Interior, explained that this latter sum was the amount of the profits so far received by the Department of Indian Affairs from the Greater Production campaign.

Addressing the Jury

He was a London cab-driver of the old sort, called as witness in an action for damages in a street collision, and, ignoring the jury, he persisted in relating his version to the judge. Ultimately the latter stopped him and observed: "Address yourself to the jury." So, turning awkwardly to the jury, he smiled, nodded reassuringly, and remarked: "Mornin', gentles, all well at 'ome, I hope."

Many a man is a bachelor today because the girl in the case had been taught to say "no."

CHILDREN CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

Especially Prepared for Infants and Children of All Ages

Mother! Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 30 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Purgative, Laxative, Drops and Soothing Syrup. Contains no narcotics. Proven directions are on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it. The kind you have always bought bears signature of

Wm. D. Fletcher

Produces Gold From Mercury German Scientist Makes Discovery That Has Puzzled Alchemists For Ages

Confined to have realized one of the wildest dreams of human history, Dr. Adolf Meitner, professor in the Charlottenburg University of Engineering, announces he has discovered a method for the artificial production of gold—and displays the proof of his achievement.

The first gold won by man through the decomposition of mercury glorified in the middle of a small cup of precious, polished agate. In the view of Mr. Meitner, it represented materialization of a dream for which innumerable alchemists have toiled and died in vain from the days of Babylon to recent times.

Dr. Meitner, in co-operation with his assistant, Dr. H. Stenroos, has discovered that by the introduction of a certain amount of energy from the outside, mercury undergoes decomposition, which results in the production of gold and helium. Hitherto, it has been thought that mercury was an unalterable element.

Experiments with a so-called electric arc furnace filled with mercury, according to Dr. Meitner, destroyed the intrinsic stability of the mercury and by a slow process caused its partial decomposition into gold.

Although Prof. Meitner is of unquestioned authority in scientific circles, the discovery seemed so incredible, even to him, that the experiment was repeated again and again, always with the same result. The most careful analysis by Meitner and other scientists, including Prof. Haber, famous inventor of the process for extracting nitrogen from the air, is said to have established clearly the nature of the product gained from the mercury.

While the discovery means a revolution in the world of science, its significance at present is mainly scientific. For the time being at least, it possesses no economic value. However, the cost of production, compared with the infinitesimal amount of gold produced, makes the process unprofitable. Only long, additional research can prove whether the discovery, aside from its enormous scientific importance, also has commercial possibilities. The German physicist, Prof. H. Meitner, is a renowned authority on astrophysics and photo-chemistry. He is the inventor of the famous tele-objective for long distance photography, a three color printing process and other widely employed scientific and industrial processes.

Natural Resources Bulletin

Effects of Scientific Discoveries On Development of Industries

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa says:—

The British Association for the Advancement of Science is meeting in Canada this year, and this fact alone should direct attention to the debt which the people of this country owe to the scientist. Canada has been most generously endowed with natural resources, but how to make use of these has been largely a problem which the scientists have had to solve. We have large areas of peatland, but of what use would it be in the manufacture of paper had not the scientist provided the means? The making of paper is largely a chemical problem, but mechanics also has an important bearing. Taking woolpulp in one end of a machine and making it in paper at the rate of up to 1,000 feet per minute requires engineering ability of the highest order.

Development of our waterpowers also represents a very high degree of scientific and engineering ability. Harnessing our falls and rapids and converting the power thus created into electric energy to provide our lighting and power requirements, is an engineering problem of the highest order, while the use of this same energy for electro-chemical processes, such as extracting nitrogen from the air for the manufacture of artificial fertilizers, represents the results of research over many years by some of the world's brightest minds.

In our metallurgical industries, many of our most useful and valuable minerals are the result of science developing processes for their extraction. There are practically no lines of industry in which the effects of scientific discovery are not felt, and this is particularly the case in connection with the development of the natural resources of Canada.

Radio On German Trains

Beginning in the autumn, German express trains will be equipped with combination radio and wireless telephones, enabling the sending of wireless messages, telephoning and the giving of radio concerts while trains are speeding on their way.

When your wife gets so she can read you like a book it is time to turn over a new leaf.

For Sore Feet—Minard's Liniment

Distance Needed To Stop Motor Cars

Table of Figures That Should Be Memorized By Drivers

Every motor-driver should know exactly the minimum distance within which a car can be stopped when it is travelling at different rates of speed. And he should never forget that the ratio between the distance within which it can be stopped and the rate of speed at which it is going increases with the rate of speed. Thus, when the car is going at the rate of 30 miles an hour, the distance it must go before it can be stopped is much greater than double the distance when it is going at the rate of 15 miles.

If this fact were known and always remembered, there would be fewer cases of motor cars crashing through closed gates and into moving trains at level crossings.

In a bulletin issued by the U.S. Interstate Commerce Commission there is a table showing the distance required to stop an average two-brake motor car travelling at various rates of speed on a good level road. This table of distances, which follows, should be memorized by every driver of a motor car or truck.

Miles per hour	Feet	Miles per hour	Feet
5	2	35	111
10	9	40	145
15	20	45	184
20	36	50	227
25	57	55	275
30	82	60	327

Miller's Worm Powders seldom fail. They immediately attack the worms and expel them from the system. They are complete in themselves, not only as a worm destroyer, but as a highly beneficial medicine for children, relieving weak digestion and restoring the debilitated system to healthfulness, without which the growth of the child will be retarded and its constitution weakened.

Princess Selling Art Treasures

The Princess Royal, mother of Prince Arthur of Connaught, has joined those people who have been turning their treasures into hard cash. The Princess has ordered about 40 pictures, including some old masters, to be offered at auction next month.

Clark's Beans With Pork

For the amount of food value which they contain Clark's Beans and Pork are the most economical as well as the most excellent food.

"Let the Clark Kitchens help you."

London Surgeon Has Extraordinary Case

Hay Seed Lodged In Man's Eye Had Sprouted

An amazing case was recently treated at Gloucestershire Royal Infirmary. A farm laborer got something into his eye which he was unable to remove, and because of the pain he visited the hospital.

The ophthalmic surgeon, on making an incision above the eye, discovered a green blade of grass over an inch and a half long lying between the tissues, which had sprung from a hay seed, which was also removed from the eye.

Apparently, the hayseed had become lodged in the corner of the eye socket, and the discharge from the tear duct had watered it, and the blade of grass growing from it had received sufficient light through the eyeball to make it green.

The operation was quite successful, and the man's eye is now as good as ever.

Relieves Asthma at Once. "If you could read the thousands of unsolicited letters received by the makers from grateful users you, too, would realize the remarkable powers of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. All cases, ancient and chronic, are benefited by this great family remedy. Why suffer or experiment with worthless preparations when the genuine Kellogg's can be purchased everywhere."

Minnesota Egg Co-operative Exchange

The first co-operative shipment of eggs and poultry to be sent out by the Minnesota Co-operative Egg and Poultry Exchange was shipped a few days ago to Boston, New York and Chicago. There were seven cars in the shipment, and during the first month the exchange expects to handle more than 50 carloads. The management claims it received 3 to 5 cents a dozen more for eggs than farmers would have been able to get individually. There are 8,000 farmers in the exchange.

Alberta Phone Connections

Further extension of phone connection between Alberta and distant parts of the continent has been established. Last year the opening of the new long distance line from Alberta to Manitoba took place. This year it has been possible to effect telephone connection as far east as Chicago.

Some men never do a charitable act unless there is someone around to applaud.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Pain

W. N. U. 1535

Serve Mustard with all meals Mustard neutralizes the richness of fat foods and makes them easier to digest. Mustard enables you to enjoy digestive food which otherwise would burden the digestive organs. but it must be Keen's

Eyes Are Getting Weaker

Modern Demand On Eye Has Increased Defective Vision

Many of us know that eyesight is not what it used to be. It is certain our own is not. Now the American eyesight conservation council bears us out in a statement that it is the modern demand on the eye that has overstrained it. Too much glare in some places and too much dimness in other places, electric lights here and darkness there, cause excessive contrasts which eyes cannot stand without injurious effects. As a result nine out of ten adults have defective vision, and four out of every ten school children are troubled by contracting serious defects.

The United States national committee for the prevention of blindness has issued a statement wherein eight causes are given for the increase of defective vision, as follows: Sore eyes in babies—too often regarded as caused by colds; inflammation of the eyes' membranes, called conjunctivitis; granulated lids, a contagious disease; injuries caused by "something in the eye"; the so-called "stye," caused by the breaking of tiny veins as a result of measles and scarlet fever; cross-eyes, which can be corrected if treated in time; and progressive near-sightedness, which glasses correct.

The best preventive is to avoid eyestrain.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Wins French Diploma

Saskatchewan University Student Takes High Honors at Sorbonne

Muriel Paul, a 1923 graduate of Saskatchewan University, who was awarded one of the Saskatchewan Government's French scholarships last year, has won the diploma of the School of Preparation for the professorship in foreign countries, at the Sorbonne, in Paris according to reports received.

Miss Paul led all the foreign students in her course, and stood eighth in the entire Sorbonne. Her home is in Napawan, Ontario, and she was formerly a school teacher in Saskatchewan.

A pleasant medicine for children is Mother Graves' Worm Expeller, and it is excellent for driving worms from the system.

Growth Of Population

Population Of U.S. On July 1 Was 112,078,611

The population of the United States of America, as at July 1, 1921, was 112,078,611, according to a Government count.

Seventy-nine cities now have a population of more than 100,000. New York has reached the six million mark; Chicago now boasts of 3,000,000; Philadelphia the 2,000,000 mark; while Detroit and Cleveland are around the 1,000,000 mark.

Praising a rival may be good Christianity, but its poor politics.

Why Busy Women Want SMP Enameled Ware

Busy women want SMP Enameled Ware because it will bring food to the boil almost twice as fast as all-metal utensils, and completes the cooking sooner. A woman can wash SMP Enameled Ware utensils faster than utensils that have to be scrubbed and scoured.

Three finishes: Pearl Ware, two coats of pearly-grey enamel inside and out. Diamond Ware, three coats, light blue and white outside, white lining. Crystal Ware, three coats, pure white inside and out, with Royal Blue lining.

THE SHEET METAL PRODUCTS CO. LIMITED
MONTREAL TORONTO
EDMONTON VANCOUVER
WINNIPEG CALGARY



Region Of Hudson Bay Declared To Be Most Favorable For Settlement

The country to and around the Hudson Bay is supposed to be barren, but this is an ordinary fallacy of those who cannot estimate the resources of a new country. Mr. E. Mosher, of Halifax, was at Churchill from September 2 to January 7, superintending the building of the barracks for the Royal Northwest Mounted Police. "So far as the weather is concerned, I would as soon have spent the months in Churchill as in Halifax. He did not find the cold any more severe than in the east." According to his observations, "the lowest temperature registered was 29 below zero."

The Rev. Dr. John McLaughlin, pioneer missionary, describes the country south of Split Lake as favorable for settlement, the growth of vegetation almost tropical, and "the climate is far more moderate than in Southern Manitoba, the home of No. 1 hard wheat." Summer frosts are practically unknown.

James Robson, who superintended the building of Fort Prince of Wales at the mouth of Churchill Harbor, after five years of residence, writes in 1922: "The marshes and low ground are full of goose grass, and there is a patch of ground near Esquimaux Point which though exposed to the north and northeast, produces good radishes, coleworts, turnips, small carrots and lettuce and other saladings; blackberries also grow upon the beach."

The cattle here would live and do well if the same care was taken of them as is generally taken of them in England. The horses had been kept for several years and were constantly employed in drawing stone and other material for the fort. Dr. Bell, nearly a century and a half later, saw some very good potatoes and turnips growing at Churchill. He observed an abundance of hay in the neighborhood, and near the bay open grassy land of unlimited extent affording extensive pasturage. It found the small herd of cattle were in 1879-80 being "overlaid" by the calves at the fort, whereas it was formerly not considered possible to breed stock there. Good butter was made at the fort.

The fisheries have been slightly referred to by Mr. MacLachlan, but we have the evidence of a number of responsible authorities that the lakes from Le Pas to Churchill are swarming with whitefish and other food fish like trout, pike and even suckers. Salmon, sea trout and whitefish are, Mr. O'Sullivan says, "both plentiful and of excellent quality." The whitefish is very common in the mouth of the Churchill. "The barren ground caribou herd in hundreds over the country, and wild geese, duck and ptarmigan there breed and abound." Ungava's shore streams on the east side of the bay abound in the finest salmon, in trout and speckled trout unlimited.

Mr. McKenna, in reviewing the evidence of a century, and a half, adds: "It would appear that Canada has at that point on Hudson Bay a safe port, open for several months in each year, and a site for a city, with immense fisheries, its location and possibilities as to the development of the mineral wealth deposited in its neighborhood."

The great "barren ground herd of caribou pass yearly within 20 miles of Churchill, and under Government regulation and supervision, a toll of from 5,000 to 10,000 could easily be taken without decimating this main herd, provided the wolves which prey on them, taking tens of thousands of young animals, were destroyed, which can be done.

Waterpower is everywhere on a splendid scale along the Churchill, the Nelson, and tributaries, far more than necessary to electrify the whole line.

Most of this route seems to be fairly well forested with "spruce, poplar, tamarac, balsam, excellent white spruce and Banksian pine, etc." The pulpwood supply running from Le Pas to Split Lake, ten miles each side of the railway, is estimated at nearly 10 million cords, a very low but safe estimate. In the absence of a very large amount of fuel timber, each of these explorers emphasizes the presence of large and deep beds of good peat, which eventually will be found an excellent substitute for many purposes.—Moose Jaw Times.

To Amend R.C.M.P. Act

A resolution to amend the act regarding the Royal Canadian Mounted Police was passed by the House of Commons. The resolution authorizes the Governor-in-Council to fix the pay and allowances of members of the force, and it also provides that the time served by officers in the Dominion police force should be included in the term of service for pension purposes.

W. N. U. 1935

The Flower Garden

Hardy Perennials That Are Recommended For Western Provinces

Practically all varieties of tulips can be depended upon to make a brilliant show in prairie gardens. Mr. Timline, Superintendent of the Experimental Station at Scott, Saskatchewan, recommends a number of varieties that have done well at that station. Of the early flowering kind, Prosopis (carmine), Duchesse de Parma (orange-scarlet), Chrysolora (golden-yellow), Pottebakker White, Cottage Maid (rose), and Vermilion Brilliant are recommended. Of the Darwins, which are later and taller growing, Clara Butt (salmon-pink), Madame Kriviche (deep rose), Harrison (red), and Prince of Harem (carmine), are recommended. The bulbs should be planted in September or early October, eight inches apart and four inches deep. A mulch of partially rotted manure spread over the beds has been found to afford satisfactory winter protection.

In the drier parts of Saskatchewan the iris is not a complete success, but in districts of more abundant rainfall, where artificial watering can be given, this plant does very well. Such varieties as Mrs. H. Darwin, Sappho, and Graciosa produced bloom at the Experimental Station at Scott. The peony is perfectly hardy on the prairies, and according to Mr. M. J. Timline, Superintendent of Scott Station, continues to bloom for many years after open becoming established. September is said to be the best month of the year for setting plants, which should be planted in good soil, well enriched.

The statily delphinium, commonly known as perennial larkspur, does well in the prairie provinces. At the Scott Experimental Station the superintendent reports that the delphinium grows rapidly during the early summer, reaching four to five feet in height by the time it flowers in July. The plants can be secured by sowing the seed in May or early June and transplanting to nursery rows as soon as they are big enough. The following year, the plants that produce the best colors should be selected and set out in their permanent location.

The aquilegia, or columbine, is so easily grown in the prairie provinces that no garden should be without a number of plants. According to the Superintendent of the Experimental Station at Scott, Saskatchewan, the columbine, a dwarf purple variety, blooms in the month of May, and taller growing, brighter colored varieties in early June or July. The columbine, like many other perennials, starts readily from seed, flowering the second year.

Shipments Of Grain

Railway companies operating in Alberta have shipped a total of 157,615, 776 bushels of wheat between September 1 of last year, and May 21 of this year, being the 1923-24 crop shipping season. In addition to this the railways report a total of 11,196,559 bushels of wheat in store in line elevators. This makes a total marketed of 163, 812,675 bushels of wheat, but from this must be deducted about 20,000,000 bushels to allow for the quantity received from points in Saskatchewan which are included in Alberta division of the C.P.R. and to allow also for duplication in handling of grain coming off branch lines to main transcontinental lines.

Casey.—This thought entirely you're getting. Why don't ye die? Mrs. Casey—Id like to, Dinny, but I can't convince me conscience that dietin' isn't willfully interfere with the ways of Providence.

Could Produce Market For Canadian Cattle

Pool System Would Secure Sales in Europe Says P. W. T. Ross
"The Canadian farmer has a reputation in Europe second to none as a beef grower. He does not need more education, as is so frequently stated. What he needs is a market. The quality of Canadian cattle is fully 50 per cent. better now than it was three years ago."

This was the declaration of P. W. T. Ross, of Toronto, in an interview in the Ottawa Citizen the other day. Mr. Ross was for several years in the cattle business in France. At the cessation of hostilities he was attached to the commissariat general of Canada in France.

After outlining the situation and the reason for the unfavorable conditions, Mr. Ross justified his criticism by suggesting a remedy.

"I am confident of being able to produce what does not now exist," he said, "and that is a good market in Europe for beef springer cows, thin cows, bulls and dairy cows. This is only possible by acting directly in conjunction with the farmers' co-operation and by giving them the maximum return that the markets will allow."

In order to make this scheme feasible, Mr. Ross considered that the farmers should form pools for their stock in co-operation with the Provincial Governments. This would be necessary in order to ensure that shipments would be continuous, this condition being essential in order to secure space on the steamships.

Mr. Ross suggests starting on the basis of a yearly shipment of 10,000 head of cattle. He would establish headquarters in France for the handling of the buyers and would sell them from depots through the large local markets such as those at Rheims, Strasbourg, Metz, Nancy, Lyons, Rouen and similar cities. The overhead expense he estimates at \$15,000 a year for salaries and administration.

Record Of Performance Applications

Dominion Livestock Branch In Position To Give Benefit Of Service

A few weeks ago reference was made in the Agricultural Press to the fact that owing to lack of a sufficient number of inspectors to keep pace with the expansion of the work, the Dominion Livestock Branch had been forced to discontinue the acceptance of Record of Performance applications from farms not already on its lists. Largely as a result of representations made by various Breed Associations, council has since authorized an increase in inspection staff with the result that the branch is again in a position to give the benefit of this service to all breeders who comply with the rules. Applications received during May and June, which would otherwise have been refused, have been included in the lists.

Lady Byng a Naturalist

Has Wide Knowledge of Canadian Flowers and Trees

It will be of interest to lovers of flowers in Canada to know that Lady Byng of Vimy, among her many interests, is a naturalist of no mean ability, and it is an open question if there are any native-born Canadians who can boast of a wider knowledge of Canadian wild flowers, trees and ferns.

She has a "Canadian" garden of wild flowers at her country home in Essex, England, and her collection is very considerable; notwithstanding the fact she is searching for other rare plants and now has on her list some 63 varieties which she has recently ordered from Canada. To make the collection complete, however, it will probably take more than a year.

Victim Of Assassin's Bullet



ZAGHUT PASHA
Premier of Egypt, who was shot and wounded by an unknown assassin when about to leave Cairo recently.

The Livestock Market

Select Bacon Hogs Are Now Bringing Better Prices

There is a noteworthy feature in the Dominion Livestock Branch market report for the week ending July 3, inasmuch as the top price for select bacon hogs at Toronto is quoted at \$9.75 as against \$6.35 for the same date last year, thick smooth hogs at \$8.50 against \$5.50, and heavies at \$8.25 against \$7.50. For other kinds the prices average unchanged. Lambs and light sheep also show an increase, the former of the good kind being quoted at \$17 compared with \$16.35, and common at \$15.75 compared with \$14, top prices. Heavy and common sheep were a bit down, but light sheep are quoted at the top at \$6.50 compared with \$6.25 last year.

From January 1 to July 3 this year the cattle shipped to England numbered 35,520 compared with 21,594 during the same period last year, an increase of 4.12%. The sales of cattle at the principal stockyards of the country this year total 248,762 compared with 217,068 last year, 146,322 calves against 119,995, 638,928 sheep against 529,708, and 75,237 hogs against 92,689.

Life Of Seed Varies

Seeds Of The Willow And Poplar Are Very Short Lived

Swindling in seeds has caused drastic action in Great Britain, and gave rise to the inauguration of the Seed Adulteration Act. Even that, however, does not entirely eliminate the sale of old and dried seed. Most seeds are "dirty" when first gathered—that is, they contain a considerable percentage of weed seed, and all the great seed houses possess elaborate and costly machinery for cleaning. Clover seed has to be carefully cleaned. If this is not done the result will be a crop of all kinds of pernicious weeds in the clover field. Some weed seeds, such as those of the dodder, are so tiny that it is almost impossible to detect them except under a strong magnifying glass. Seeds vary in their powers of retaining life. While those of peas and beans will retain vitality for many years, others, such as those of the poplar are useless if kept over one season. Seeds of the willow and the poplar are so short lived that unless they land at once in a moist place they die in a few days.

Trade With United States

Canada's trade with the United States is increasing. During the twelve months ended May, Canadian exports to the United States were \$458,094,421, an increase of forty million over the previous year; imports from the United States were \$583,764,800, an increase of nearly fourteen millions over the previous year.

Rapidity With Which Industry Is Crowding Back The Northern Frontier Of Canada

The rapidity with which industry is crowding back what was at one time considered the northern boundary of possible settlement in Canada gives cause for serious thought as to whether this country has such a limit, says the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior. Both east and west and in the central provinces new developments are taking place within what was at one time considered the undisputed habitat of wild life and the fur trader.

In British Columbia on the Portland Canal, great developments are taking place in mining and water-power. The Granby Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company's Higgins mine, at Anyox, is the largest copper producing mine in Canada. In 1922 its output was 20,234,150 pounds, or nearly two-thirds of the total copper production of Canada for that year. The Premier mine, which in 1922 produced 123,527 ounces of gold and 4,261,368 ounces of silver, is also located on the Portland Canal, approximately 140 miles north of Prince Rupert. Each of these mines has developed hydro-electric power for its operation.

In the Yukon development of the silver-lead mines of the Mayo district is proceeding satisfactorily. In 1922 the district showed increased production, while still greater results are looked for. The Mayo district is in approximately the same latitude as Dawson.

In the northwest territories radio broadcasting stations are being established at Fort Simpson, on the Mackenzie River, and at Herschel Island, in the Arctic Ocean off the mouth of the Mackenzie.

In Northern Alberta arrangements are being made for shipping out bitumen sands from the enormous deposits in the vicinity of McMurray, which point is now almost reached by railway. A company has been formed recently to develop the known bit deposits in the same area, a bed of commercial rock salt 11 feet in thickness having been proved by drilling.

At Faust, on Lesser Slave Lake, and on the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway, a modern fish freezing plant is being constructed with a capacity of 350,000 pounds of fish. During the fishing season pike and pickerel, which reach the maximum of excellence in the cold northern waters, will be filleted and packed. In the autumn these will be shipped to the markets of Eastern Canada and the United States, where exceptionally high prices are secured.

In Northern Manitoba, 350 miles north of Winnipeg, a hydro-electric plant is being constructed on the Grass River to supply power to the Blinge gold mine, at the head of Herb Lake. This mine is being developed by British capital.

In Northern Ontario the railway has reached out to Tin Can Portage on the Abitibi River, and new mining areas are being opened up. The Kirkland Lake and Porcupine areas of Northern Ontario have made some wonderful production records.

One of Canada's largest waterpower developments is in course of construction at the grand discharge of Lake St. John in Quebec, about 75 miles north of the city of Quebec. Here the Quebec Development Company is constructing dams and powerhouse to use the waters of the Saguenay River. The ultimate capacity of the plant is expected to be 420,000 horsepower. The dam being erected will be 100 feet high and 7,100 feet long.

In the northwestern portion of the province, in the Rouyn district, self-prospecting and exploratory work is being carried on, with the expectation that development of the mineral resources of that district will be commencing.

China Needs Our Wheat

Growing Importance of Orient As a Market For Canadian Wheat

The growing importance of China as a market for wheat from the United States and Canada is described by W. McVillie, a former Minneapolis miller, who for 20 years has been an adviser to one of the large native-milling companies of China. There are now 22 modern flour milling companies in Shanghai alone, Mr. McVillie said, and they prefer to buy wheat from the States and from Canada to their own native product for the reason that the latter is so poorly handled enroute to the mills that it is not satisfactory. Much Canadian hard wheat is used by the Shanghai mills.

Flour consumption in China is growing steadily, said Mr. McVillie. Although Chinese wheat production is on the increase he doubted if it would catch up with the demand for wheat flours. Therefore, he said, China is likely to continue a good buyer of American wheat. During the war the Shanghai mill developed a good export business in flour, but at the present time exports are prohibited, so that the mills must find a home market for their entire output.

Some Chinese Trees Are Blight-Resisting

Discovery May Lead to Reforestry of American Areas

Thrilling stories of adventure and interesting scientific discoveries have been reported to the National Geographic Society by Josef F. Rock, leader of the society's expedition into Yunnan, a vast and little explored province in southwestern China.

Mr. Rock, a well known plant authority, has just returned to Washington and in narrating his experiences, tells of finding in Yunnan aboriginal tribes who still practice religious ceremonies that pre-date the introduction of Buddhism, and the discovery of a blight-resisting chestnut tree, which it is hoped, will aid in restoring the diseased chestnut timber crop in the United States.

The explorer brought back from the wilds of the Chinese province some 1,700 specimens and more than 60,000 plants. He also came into possession of books used by the Naxi, or Miao, people, containing ancient writing in pictorial form. The books also antedate Buddhism in China and Tibet and include a story of a great flood.

Favorable Trade Balance

Canada has a favorable trade balance of nearly \$200,000,000 for the twelve months ended May 21. During that period Canadian exports exported were worth \$1,069,715,880. Imports totalled \$872,367,752. Exports increased by \$110,000,000 over 1923 and imports increased by \$32,000,000. The chief increase in exports was in agricultural products and wood and paper.

Theory Worked Too Well

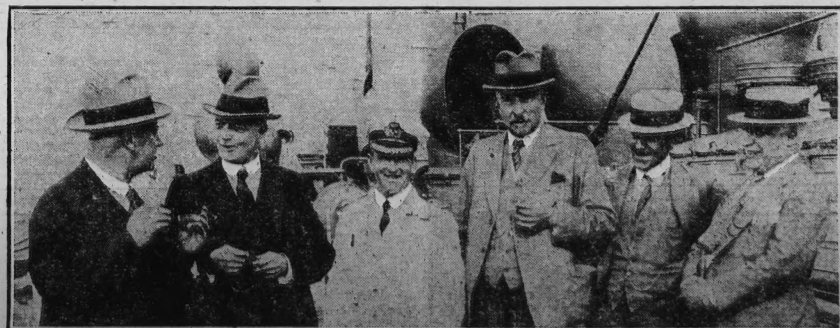
To test the theory that "any bright criminal could prove himself insane and thus escape punishment for his crimes," a Des Moines, Iowa, newspaper reporter played the part of the insane man, was officially adjudged insane by the county commission, which remanded him to the state hospital at Clarinda, all in such fine order that the young reporter had difficulty in extricating himself.

School Inspector.—Now, children, if I wanted to become a joiner, what would I require that at present I haven't got?

Smart Pupil.—A character, sir.

Preacher (at the re-union meeting).—I have only one regret—I miss so many of the old faces I used to shake hands with.

A broad mind isn't necessarily deep.



Members of Canadian Bar Association en-route to Europe

From left to right: Hon. Judge Leask, North Bay; Hon. Mr. Justice Ducloux, Montreal; Captain Turnbull, of C.P.S.S. Montclair; Hon. Mr. Justice Campbell Lane, Montreal; Pierre Ledieu K.C., Montreal, and R.G. De Lorimer, K.C., treasurer of the Quebec Board of the Canadian Bar Association, gathered on the deck of the Montclair prior to sailing from Quebec.

IRMA TIMES

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Irma, Alberta, Canada

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We have a large stock of the best grades of fir and spruce to choose from. We have a large shed that keeps all our finish siding and flooring dry and in first class shape until you are ready to use it. If you should need something that you do not ordinarily find we shall be glad to show you how quickly we can get it for you. The Farmers Mutual will give you real service.

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P. J. HARDY, Manager, Irma, Alberta

THE STARVING CHILDREN OF GREECE

A Western Canada Grain Campaign
Amongst the millions of war victims, none make a more tragic and moving appeal than the multitude of women and children who are refugees from the million and a half of Greek refugees evicted from Turkey under the Treaty of Lausanne. It is sad that this human tragedy is the most terrible since the days of the Goths and Huns; that the condition of these unfortunate is appalling in the extreme and that the world has never witnessed so much concentrated child suffering. The Save the Children Fund, an all-British organization, is working under the League of Nations in an endeavor to feed some of these little ones, and thus to save countless human lives.

Canada is responding, with her sister Dominions, and now the Canadian West is being given an opportunity to join in this great work of alleviation by means of a Grain Campaign, as well as cash contributions. Under this plan the farmer who has a crop is asked to donate a certain number of bushels of wheat when delivering at the elevator. All the Elevator Companies, Grain Growers Organizations, United Farmers Clubs, Women's Institutes, etc., are co-operating in the matter. The cry of the child is reaching our favored land and is being heard.

The Campaign is endorsed by many leaders, such as Premiers Bracken and Greenfield, Hon. T. A. Crerar, H. W. Wood, J. B. Musselman, Geo. Edwards, and others. A Western Committee has been formed with C. W. Rowley as Honorary Treasurer with offices at 305 Scott Block, Winnipeg. Frank Yeigh of Toronto, the well known Canadian author and lecturer, is in the West, assisting in the Campaign as representing the Save the Children Fund Head Office in London, England.

This appeal is made to the people of Canada, because of its urgent need. Already cash and foodstuffs to the value of \$75,000, have been contributed by Canada, but much more is required.

The fact that one bushel of wheat will keep a child alive for a month makes this kind of life-saving easy. It is still "More blessed to give than to receive."

The Committee will be glad to have volunteer help, or otherwise in canvassing, addressed as above to whom explanatory literature will be sent on request.

Canada will never be the poorer for sharing her wealth, even to a slight degree with these or any other hungry children.

The Manchester Guardian says, in a recent issue:

"The refugees in Greece are the last of the debris cast up by the war, that calls for foreign aid. There were originally about a million of them driven out of Turkey after the catastrophe of 1922, and by the help of the Greek Government, the League of Nations, and friends in England, half of the total have been planted on the land or taken into some sort of employment. The other half still remains and requires support, and to it have been added nearly 200,000 more refugees who are leaving Turkey under the scheme for the exchange of populations. Some day Greece will be the richer and better for this new material, but at present their maintenance is merely an added burden which the Greek Government and people are unable to bear. The resources of the British societies which are administering relief are dwindling, and the needs of next winter have already to be thought of. Those are good reasons why the support should be continued. Greece has passed through a most difficult time, and it is very reasonable to ask that she should now settle down to work hard, and do all that she can to support her own people. But, the refugees form so large a proportion of the total population that their maintenance and settlement on the land must in any event be beyond the present means of the Greek people. In a literal sense, every little will help, for three cents a day suffices to keep a refugee."

He who gives quickly, gives twice.

ALBERTA STOCKER AND FEEDER SHOW, OCT. 29-31

The Second Annual Alberta Stocker and Feeder Show and Sale will be held in the Alberta Stock Yards, Calgary, on October 29th and 31st.

At last year's show, approximately 1,000 of the best stockers and feeders in the province were shown and sold through the ring. More than \$6,000 was offered at the last show, which amount has been increased to approximately \$7,000. There will be ten prizes for each carload of Shorthorns—two year old steers and yearlings. The first prize is \$150 and the tenth prize is \$10. The same prizes will be given for Hereford steers—two years old and yearlings; Angus steers—two years old and yearlings; and carloads made up of mixed breeds—both two

years old and yearlings. There will also be prizes for groups of five steers of each of these breeds—two years old and yearlings. Six prizes will be offered for groups with a first prize in each of \$50.00 and the sixth prize of \$10.00.

The recent rains have assured an abundance of fine feed in many districts thus encouraging the executive of the show to wholeheartedly enter into its promotion. Any commission firm in the Alberta Stock Yards or the Stock Yards manager will be glad to answer all enquiries in regard to any details not clear in this letter.

Yours very truly,

EDWARD JONES,
Sec.-Treas. and Mgr.

FARM HELP

C. N. R. Colonization Department Endeavoring To Get Men Located In Winter Employment on Farms

The Colonization and Development Department of the Canadian National Railways, having this year placed with Western farmers several thousand immigrants for the Season's work, is now turning its attention to the matter of continued employment for these men during the coming winter.

Many, of course, are placed for a full year, and some will engage in bush work, but as some are engaged only until freeze-up, the Department would like to hear from farmers who can employ men for the winter months or for a full year, including the coming winter.

Application forms may be obtained from any C. N. R. Station Agent, or from Dan M. Johnston, Room 160, Union Depot, Winnipeg, or R. C. W. Lett, Corner 160th and Jasper Sts., Edmonton, Alberta.

Those farmers who can do so should apply for a man as the satisfactory placing of these farm workers will be an important factor in Western development and settlement.

Weekly Review of
Alberta Markets

(Calgary Market Examiner)

Cattle
FEEDERS, STOCKERS—Really choice feeders made \$4.25, but most of the good ones at \$4 and plain ones down to \$2.50; stocker steers \$3 at \$3.25. Stock heifers, \$1.75 to \$2.50. Choice cows \$1.25 to \$2. Plain feeders and stockers hard to move.

Hogs.
New cuts on sows are effective at Albert yards this week. The smooth sows are now cut 2 1/2c and the roughs are cut 8 1/2c.

Edmonton prices finished the week firm and later advanced with sales this week ranged from \$8.65 to \$9 for thick smooths, off cars, with the usual 10 per cent premium on bacon type.

Sheep.
Receipts light at Edmonton and prices based on previous sales, with lambs around \$12; wethers \$8 to \$9; ewes \$4 to \$5.50.

Grain.
Alberta conditions very favorable most of the past week for ripening grain. Old fields in south have been cut, and as harvesting increases through these districts it will gradually extend over the rest of the province. Dominion government estimate gives good crop in Manitoba, and Alberta little better than most figures and we will be fairly lucky if we get 75,000,000, as they place it. Prices showing some weakness, partly due to Canadian conditions and higher figures given on United States crop.

Eggs—Poultry.
BUTTERFAT—Prices unchanged all over the west; on basis of 30c at centralizers in Alberta and Saskatchewan; some Manitoba prices up to 31c. Prices look steady here.

EGGS—Warmer weather hard on shippers and there are more No. 2 grades reported; prices unchanged on basis of 25c for extras. **POULTRY**—Prices still low and no indication of improvement as demand is only moderate; Calgary dealers quoting fowl 9c; chickens 16c.

Potatoes.

Dominion Government estimate reduces the Canadian acreage and west will not have large crop. Only limited quantities of new Albertas coming on market at \$2 per hundred.

Hay.

Better weather for hay makers; not any of the new crop moving yet; market indications are that there will be some local demand, but southern B. C. looks best. There will be a lot of green feed in Alberta since recent rains.

Hides.
No improvement in prices; but dealers report tanners doing a little buying, which is a hopeful sign.

Furs.
More action indicated in market and Winnipeg sales this week may raise prices somewhat.

THE IRMA TIMES
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Irma Royalties, Ltd., N. P. L.
Border Oil Co., Ltd., N.P.L.
Office:—Molson's Bank Bldg., Edmonton, Alberta.

A. M. MOWAT

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
Solicitor for:—
Globe Drilling Co., Ltd.
Irma Oil & Development Co., Ltd. (N.P.L.)
Irma Oil Holdings Ltd., (N.P.L.)
Mutual Oil & Gas Development Co., Ltd. (N.P.L.)
Office:—206 C. P. R. Bldg., Edmonton, Alberta.

TRAIN SCHEDULE, IRMA, ALTA.

TRAIN SERVICE
No. 3 Going West 7:27 A.M.
No. 1 Going West 7:37 P.M.
No. 2 Going East 10:18 A.M.
No. 4 Going East 10:25 P.M.
Train No. 1 stops only to let off or pick up passengers from Saskatoon or East, or to Jasper and West.
Train No. 2 stops only to let off or pick up passengers from Jasper or West or to Saskatoon and East.
—ROY WHYTE, Agent.

GOVERNMENT LIQUOR CONTROL ACT OF ALBERTA
APPLICATION FOR
BEER LICENSE

Public notice is hereby given that the undersigned intends applying to the Alberta Liquor Control Board for a License to sell Beer by the glass, or open bottle, for consumption in conformity with the provisions of the Government-Liquor Control Act of Alberta, and regulations made thereunder, with respect to the following premises:

The Edmonds Hotel, located on Lots 37 and 38, Bk No. 8, Plan No. 1560, North side of Second Avenue, in the Village of Irma, Province of Alberta.

Dated at Irma, Alberta, this 8th day of August, 1924.

CHARLES OLSON, Applicant

OIL DRILLING.

Company with complete Standard Drilling rig and well located lease in Irma-Fabyan field wants drilling done on share basis.
—Apply Box 6, Irma Times, 10-15c

DR. W. L. McMACHEN

Dental Surgeon

—Will be at Irma on Friday, of each week over Larson's store.

DR. H. L. COURSIER

Dental Surgeon

Post. Grad. in Black Anesthesia, Plate and Bridge Work. Appointments by mail for out of town patients.

At Edgerton Thursday.

At Irma Tuesday.

Wainwright, - - - - - Alta.

IRMA LODGE No. 56

I. O. O. F.

Meets every 1st and 3rd. Tuesdays in each month, in Larson's Hall. J. G. Hedley, N. G. S. Mathison, V. C. Chas. Wilbraham, Secretary.

IRMA REBEKAH LODGE No. 8

I. O. O. F.

Meets every 2nd and 4th. Tuesday in each month in Larson's Hall. D. L. Tate, N. G. S. Mathison, V. C. I. C. Knudson, Secretary.

IRMA L. O. L. 2065

Meets the last Thursday in each month in Larson's Hall, Irma. Visiting Orangemen always welcome.

D. Glasgow, W. M. Fred W. Watkinson, R. S. M. K. McLeod, F. S.

IF YOU INTEND HOLDING AN AUCTION SALE, OR HAVE CATTLE OR HOGS TO SHIP SEE ME

J. W. STUART

WAINWRIGHT, ALBERTA
For Sale dates in Irma district see R. J. Tate, Irma.

Edmonton Rubber Stamp Co., Ltd.

Makers of RUBBER STAMPS & SEALS
10118—102nd St., Edmonton

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY

STAR OF IRMA 1036
Meets 1st Thursday in each month in Larson's Hall.
John Watson, W. P. Fred W. Watkinson, Reg.

C. G. CURVIS,
Barrister, Solicitor, & Notary
Date at Irma
August 13th and 29th.
September 12th and 26th



OUR SERVICE IS RELIABLE
Trudeau's Cleaning and Dye Works, Regd
10050, 103 st Edmonton

IRMA POOL ROOM

and

BARBER SHOP

SOFT DRINKS TOBACCOS
CIGARS, Etc.

Agent for Snowflake Laundry.

J. A. HEDLEY

PROPRIETOR.

Rates \$1.00 up Phone 6101

Royal George Hotel

101st Street

(Near Union Depot)

EDMONTON

FIVE STORIES OF SOLID COMFORT

THE HOME OF SERVICE AND COMFORT

First-Class Cafe.

Free Bus to and from all Trains

R. E. NOBLE, Mgr.

WHEN YOU BUY GROCERIES

There are Three Important Points to be Considered. They should be
Fresh, Clean & Good Quality

Our Groceries are of the best quality, are always fresh and put up in neat wrappers and attractive packages, by which convenience, cleanliness and elegance are secured.

We can please you with our
TEAS AND COFFEE
They have the quality.

We have
DRIED FRUITS
That you can eat. No waste on account of worms, decay or dirt.

When you want
CANNED GOODS
Come and see our Tomatoes, Corn, Peas, Apples, Peaches, Berries, Salmon, Sardines, Etc.

The Fact is we have everything you expect to find in a First-Class Grocery Store, and things besides. We want your **COUNTRY PRODUCE** and are prepared to pay the highest prices.

Come and See Us—

L. HOSTRUP
IRMA, ALBERTA.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS

MAY 15 TO SEPT. 30
FINAL RETURN OCT. 31, 1924

Eastern Canada Pacific Coast

A FEW DAYS IN JASPER NATIONAL PARK — Canadian Rockies

Wide Choice of Routes via Canadian National and Other Lines Embracing Rail, Lake and Sea Trips.

Get full information from Local Agent



Summer Holidays

PLAN YOUR TRIP VIA
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Specially Reduced Fairs Excursions to Pacific Coast

THE TRIP OF A LIFE-TIME. Through the Canadian Pacific Rockies—Stop-overs at Banff—Lake Louise—ON SALE DAILY to September 30th—RETURN LIMIT October 31st.

Eastern Canada and United States
Either ALL RAIL, or via the GREAT LAKES—ON SALE NOW, RETURN LIMIT October 31st.

Circle Tours
Through the Canadian Pacific Rockies and the Arrow, Kootenay and Okanagan Lakes—Stop-overs at any point en route—ON SALE DAILY to September 30th, RETURN LIMIT October 31st.

**ENJOY A HEALTH GIVING HOLIDAY
At The Bungalow Camps**
In old clothes and comfort. Camps at Lake Wapta, Lake O'Hara, Yoho Valley, Emerald Lake Chalet, Moraine Lake, Storm Mountain, Vermilion River, Sinclair Hot Springs and Lake Windermere. These Camps are open July 1st to September 15th.

The Famous **"TRANS-CANADA LIMITED"** is now running again with accelerated schedule. Information as to fares and assistance in making your plans will be cheerfully given by any Ticket Agent of the

Canadian



Pacific

For Men

We Will
**Give Away
FREE**

A GENUINE \$ AUTO
STROP RAZOR

To Every
purchaser of goods from
**OUR SHAVING
AID DEPARTMENT**

Amounting to
A DOLLAR OR MORE

This includes:

Razors, Razor Blades or Strops, Soap—Stick, Powder or Cream, Lotions & Creams for After Shave, Talcum Powder, Shaving Brushes, Etc.

**DERMAN DRUG
DEPOT**

When you buy
DRUG STORE GOODS
at a
Department Store or a
Grocery Store
you are helping to make
it impossible
to have the prescription
you may so
urgently need some day,
filled at
your Drug Store.

Buy
all you can from your
Drug Store.
Derman's Drug Depot



MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 12th of September, 1924, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for a period not exceeding four years, two times per week on the route CLARK MANOR and Irma, from the first of January next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Irma and Clark Manor, and at the office of the District Superintendent of Postal Service, Saskatoon.

District Superintendent's Office, Aug. 2nd, 1924.

John Chamard,
District Superintendent of Postal Service.
14-16

LOST—On Sunday July 20th between Irma and the Jas. Wood farm east of Irma, a gold filled watch. If finder will return to B. Long a suitable reward will be given, or telephone R. 503.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Registered Shorthorn Bull, four years old, gentle, from good stock. Chas. Anderson, 16-46-9-w4, Irma. 15-17P.

MARKET PRICES

Wheat	
No. 1	122
No. 2	119
No. 3	114
Oats	
2 C. W.	43c
3 C. W.	40c
Feed	37c

CARD OF THANKS

The president and directors of the Irma Agricultural Association wish to thank all those assisting at the recent fair and especially the sports committee and Mr. Masson, Secretary, for the very earnest and competent way they took part.

Signed J. H. Elliott, Pres.

Main Street.

Mr. L. C. Hatch and family made a trip to the Capital this week.

Mr. W. T. Barber has been appointed bailiff for the Irma district.

Mr. T. A. Tucker and family left Wednesday morning for a trip by motor to Banff and intervening points.

Miss P. Ewers of Ryley has been spending a few days with friends at Irma.

J. McCreadies are now located in their new home on the H. W. Wood farm.

Miss Dicka Fluevog has been spending a few days with friends in Viking.

Mrs. Victor Larson returned Saturday night after a visit with her parents in Minnesota.

Mrs. L. Knudson and children have been spending a few days vacation in Edmonton.

Rev. Mr. Elliott will be away Sunday and we understand the Irma pulpit will be occupied by Mrs. Waite and Mrs. Baile of Jarow.

Avonlea held a very successful picnic on Wednesday in spite of the weather man furnishing the usual picnic rain. A good crowd turned out.

Mrs. C. Christenson intends holding an auction sale of her furniture and intends spending the winter with her folks across the line.

Mrs. F. C. Curfman left Monday for Edmonton where she intends spending some time with her son Roy and family.

Mr. G. L. Morrow of Edgerton, and son George is in Irma managing the hardware store during Mr. Tucker's absence on his holidays.

We intended publishing a report of the prize winners of Irma Fair but have been unable to secure same to date.

The Junior ball team of Avonlea and Orbindale are holding a dance at Orbindale school on Wednesday, Aug. 27. Everybody welcome.

Miss Bramly More returned to Avonlea on Wednesday evening, and commenced duties as teacher in that district on Thursday.

J. Allen motored to Strome on Monday for Mildred Lloyd and Florence who have been spending their holidays at the home of F. Allen. Miss Violet Allen, a niece, returned with them and has accepted a position as teacher in Paschenale, S. D.

Messrs. Halub and Kirkpatrick of the Capital City Sign Works, Edmonton have been in Irma this week placing some artistic signs on some of the business places.

Mrs. R. D. Allen visited her father E. J. Maine who is still at the Royal Alex, Edmonton. Mr. Maine is still in a critical condition from the injuries received while working on the grader in Orbindale district.

Mr. T. Barreth returned to Irma last Saturday after spending the summer in Western Washington. Mr. Barreth reports conditions very poor on account of the drought which killed the fruit and grain crop early in the season.

Wayne Mitchell, Alex Smallwood, Jean McLean, Arnold Tucker and Lillie Saunders names appeared among the successful pupils in grades 9 and 10 examination reports this week. Wendell Mitchell appears to be the only one to pass from grade 8 in the Irma school.

All the pupils writing the eighth grade examination from Alma Mater School have been successful. These are, O. Fischer, Gladys Ambler, Roy Burton, William Kelm and Margaret Newberry. We believe this is a record and the board of this school should feel grateful to their teacher Mrs. McDowell for such excellent results.

Most of the farmers have been busy the past week getting their binders in shape for the coming harvest. Cutting should commence next Monday and be general by the end of the week. Crop conditions have been improving and if frost stays off fully as much should be realized for the coming crop as for 1923.

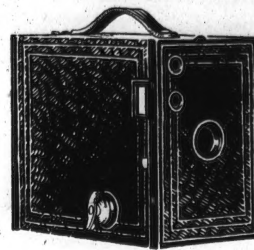
**OLD-TIME RESIDENT OF
WAINWRIGHT IS DEAD**
At five o'clock Sunday morning J. R. Crampton, resident of Wainwright for the past fifteen years, passed away.

The late Mr. Crampton was born at Seven Oaks, England, in 1852, and, coming to Canada with his wife and family in 1904, settled in Grenfell, Sask., until he came to Wainwright in 1909.

He was employed by the Canadian National Railway almost continuously since then. He was always active and young for his years, but since last February had been in declining health. He was a faithful and active member of the Anglican Church.

Much respected by all, he leaves a wife and son to mourn his loss.

LOST—About one mile south of Irma, Coulter for gang plow. Kindly notify J. A. McDonald, Phone 412, Irma. 3-1C.



The New Brownies

Aluminum body, two tripod sockets—that's what makes Nos. 2 and 2A Brownies distinctively new.

But they haven't changed in their general characteristics. They will still make good pictures—right off the reel—for the children—or for you.

No. 2 Brownie, pictures 2 1/4 x 3 1/4 inches.
Price \$2.85.

No. 2A Brownie, pictures 2 1/4 x 4 1/4 inches.
Price \$3.90.

Your youngster wants a
Brownie. Buy it here.

Derman's Drug Depot



A Letter Is As Good As A Call

The Banking-by-Mail Service of the Bank of Montreal is so satisfactory that many of our customers conduct all their transactions with us through the postal service.

If you wish to open a Savings or Chequing Account, if you are in quest of information, or if you desire advice on some banking problem, you have merely to write our nearest Branch.



BANK OF MONTREAL
Established over 100 years

Alberta is a right royal place to live in. Even the Prince of Wales can't stay away.

An optimist is one who doesn't figure on this year's crop but the next.

Last Saturday American currency was quoted in Toronto at a discount of one-sixteenth of one per cent. Six years ago a U. S. dollar was worth \$1.16 in Canada. What a remarkable change in Canada's favor in so short a time.

Now's the time to sharpen the old scythe and cut the dozen kind of weeds growing round the place. Unless drastic measures are taken to stamp them out, they will soon constitute one of the most vexing problems the farmers have to contend with. Here's where a compulsory law might work to great advantage.

In our eagerness to read the baseball scores, grain prices and reports of oil strikes we should not overlook the agreement made at London last week with respect to the evacuation of the Ruhr by the French. The probability of an early settlement, perhaps within a year, will mean more to the Dominion than any of us have an idea. We are no longer a people living unto ourselves but every disturbance in the world has its effect on us much larger than we think or realize. That the settlement of the Ruhr question will have a stabilizing effect on world affairs is reflected in the cheerful vein in which the world press is viewing it.



WHEREVER you buy it and whenever you buy it, Magic Baking Powder is always entirely dependable, because it contains no alum or adulterants of any kind.

MADE IN CANADA
E.W. GILLET LTD.
TORONTO
WINNIPEG MONTREAL

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

A New York woman has won \$500 in a prize contest for the best radio play.

The attendance at the Empire Exhibition since the opening exceeds 7,500,000.

Sir William Abbot Herdman, one of the best known natural biologists in Great Britain was found dead in his hotel room in London.

Parliament meets again in January unless something transpires in the recesses to prevent it being summoned. Premier King announced.

The British Labor Government has been defeated for the tenth time in the House of Commons, but it has no intention to resign.

Miss Mary Power, who was born at the naval dockyard, Halifax, on July 22, 1924, observed her one hundred birthday enj, apparently, perfect health and the use of her faculties.

The United States has declined to adhere to the proposed League of Nations treaty providing for mutual guarantees as the basis of world disarmament.

Steps toward more normal relations between France and Russia are foreshadowed in letters exchanged between Premier Herriot and M. Tchetchev, the Bolshevik Foreign Minister, published at Paris.

The Caproni airplane works, Milan, Italy, are building a new machine equipped with three 200-horsepower motors; intended to have a cruising radius so great that it will be able easily to cross the Atlantic Ocean.

The little principality of Liechtenstein, perched up in the Alps between Austria and Switzerland, is planning to annex itself to the Swiss republic. Liechtenstein is one of the smallest countries in Europe, being 15 miles long and five miles wide.

Corns cause much suffering, but Holloway's Corn Remover offers a speedy, sure and satisfactory relief.

Alberta's First Corn Show

Dates for Alberta's first corn show have been set for November 13 and 14 at Medicine Hat. This year about one hundred thousand acres of corn are being grown in Southern Alberta.

ITCHY RASH IN SPOTS ON HANDS

Could Not Put Hands In Water, Cuticura Heals.

"A red rash broke out in spots on my hands. It did not pay much attention to it at first, but later the eruptions grew larger and caused so much itching and burning that I could not put my hands in water. The irritation caused me to scratch the affected parts.

"As soon as I began to use Cuticura Soap and Ointment the trouble began to get better. I continued the treatment and now I am completely healed." (Signed) Mrs. H. W. Day, Hillside Farm, Wesley, Me., Aug. 31, 1923.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum promote and maintain skin purity, skin comfort and skin health, often when all else fails.

Sample Box Free by Mail. Address: Cuticura Dept., Cuticura, P. O. Box 111, Montreal, P. Q., Canada. Write for Free Sample Box. Try our new Shaving Cream.

W. N. U. 1355

A Coming Development

Great Industrial Movement May Be Expected in the Western Provinces

A few weeks ago a report emanated from Edmonton that negotiations were under way for the establishment of a woolen mill at a point some sixty miles from the Alberta capital. Still more recently it has been reported from Winnipeg that work on Manitoba's first sugar beet factory will be started this fall. There has been a rumor recently that an extensive packing plant is to be established in Saskatoon. The milling industry is already represented on the prairies by a number of important establishments. As time goes on, a great industrial development may be expected to take place in these provinces.

Wisconsin, a state situated not unlike the prairie provinces, supplies a third of all the pears canned in the United States. There is no reason why eventually a large proportion of the agricultural produce raised in the prairie provinces should not be manufactured or partially manufactured close by the farms on which it is produced. The tremendous distances which separate the farmers on the prairies from the markets in which they now dispose of their produce compels them to bear a heavy loss in freight charges, which would be materially lessened if freight had to be paid only on finished or semi-finished products. The perishability of many kinds of farm produce also precludes the profitable raising of this produce at great distances from markets—and thus restricts the variety of the produce of a farming district not within easy access to a cannery or packing plant. The prairie provinces have shown by their prize winnings at international exhibitions that they can raise a great variety of vegetables in competition with other parts of the continent. Were it possible for the farmers of these provinces to dispose of their vegetables to canneries or sugar factories located strategically through the producing districts there is no doubt that they would be able to work up a large and profitable business in other food products than cereals. The broader the basis upon which the prosperity of a country rests, the less danger is it of sudden and disastrous depressions, Regina Leader.

Fresh Supplies in Demand.—Wherever Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has been ordered, showing that wherever it goes this excellent Oil meets the best demand, it is in demand in what latitude it may be found its potency is never impaired. It is put up in most portable shape in bottles and can be carried without fear of breakage.

English Girl Has

Extraordinary Job

Has Charge of Rats Kept For Experiment At Cambridge University

The Pied Piper of Hamelin has a feminine rival. She is Miss Ruby Leader, who has charge of 200 rats, kept for experimental purposes at the new biochemical laboratory at Cambridge University, which has just been formally opened by the Earl of Balfour.

"I have been in charge of the rats for the past six months," she said. "I have always been fond of animals, and do not see why one should treat rats differently from any others. They are intelligent and amusing creatures."

Miss Leader's duties consist of feeding the rats with a special diet prescribed by the authorities, who are using them for experiments to determine the effects on the system of various vitamins.

She weighs each rat every five days, and keeps a full report of the condition of the 200. Some are fat and some are thin, but they all frolic about happily.

"Many people think that mine is an extraordinary job for a woman," said Miss Leader, "but I think it is much more extraordinary that certain women should have such a ridiculous horror of rats."

Mystery Of Condon

May Be Solved

Wreck Found Off Vancouver Coast May Be British Ship

Light on the mystery surrounding the disappearance of the British ship of war Condon, which left Esquimalt, December 2, 1904, with 104 British troops aboard, and of which no trace has since been found, is believed to have been discovered by V. P. Brown, Professor District Engineer for Alberta of the sands of Long Beach, on the west coast of Vancouver Island.

Traces of a British ship which Brown believes may be the lost Condon, have been discovered inland, washed up in the heavy glaciers of 20 years, but it is impossible for him at this time to give detailed particulars.

According to figures compiled by Stuart Mulrhead, director of vital statistics, the population of Saskatchewan in 1922 was 785,908.

Wasting Public Money

Governing Bodies Should Have Same Regard For Economy As Individuals

There are at all times many things that cities would like to have or do that they really cannot afford. It is foolish to talk about such much more foolish to demand economy unless cities, states and the nation are prepared to follow the rule followed by sensible individuals and do without things that are beyond their means. He who does not govern his life thus is looked on either as a foolish man or a vulgar one. There will or cannot be economy, or anything resembling it, till public officials are as industrious and ingenious in finding ways not to spend money as they are in finding ways to spend it. Indianapolis News.

Some Things Passengers Forget

Remarkable Collection of Articles in Lost Property Sale

The forgetfulness of railway travellers, which may not be as very far in the future. At all events American railroads are taking some steps in that direction, and there recently has been sent on an exhibition from the gigantic electric locomotive which has been built by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

Its size and its power rival literally, it is said, opened the eyes of a multitude in the eastern and middle Atlantic states. After going through Niagara Falls, Ohio, parts of Pennsylvania and New York, "the conqueror of the Rockies" is on the homeward stretch passing through New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana.

It is so large that it could not clear the tunnels on the New York Central Hudson River line, and it could not be taken into New York City or New England because of bridge and tunnel clearances.

The locomotive is 76 feet long and weighs 255 tons. It has 28 wheels, mounted on 14 axles, and is driven by 12 motors. It can haul a heavy steel passenger train of 12 cars at the rate of 65 miles an hour, and it conquers the stiff grades of the Rocky and Cascade mountain ranges with ease. Zero weather and western blizzards cause it little concern. The President of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul says:

"Our electrification has been tested by the worst winter in the memory of modern railroads in North America. There were times last winter when every steam locomotive was frozen, but the electric locomotive went right along."

Electrification has in every way exceeded our expectations."

Proof of the economy of electrification in every direction is overwhelming. It is expected the first step in Canada toward substituting electricity for steam on a large scale will be taken by the C.P.R. on its mountain section.

The experience of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul in corresponding territory in the United States seems to have dispelled all doubts. From the Toronto Globe.

A First Step

Statements who are protesting against the printing of a menu in French might start with the elimination of the word "menu." Washington Star.

WHEN ATTACKED BY DYSENTERY You Should Take

D'FOWLER'S EXT-OF WILD STRAWBERRY

When you are attacked by dysentery, you should take D'Fowler's Ext-Of Wild Strawberry. It is a powerful and effective remedy for all cases of dysentery, whether acute or chronic. It is made from the fruit of the wild strawberry, which is known to be a powerful and effective remedy for all cases of dysentery.

It is a powerful and effective remedy for all cases of dysentery, whether acute or chronic. It is made from the fruit of the wild strawberry, which is known to be a powerful and effective remedy for all cases of dysentery.

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The most effective beauty treatment known

—is this simple method. Millions now employ it to keep youthful loveliness

You will be amazed, reading this, to discover the perfect simplicity of a beauty secret millions of women use.

Yet it is the most effective known. It will help you, too, in keeping the radiant loveliness of youthful skin.

Regularly, do this

Cleanse the skin regularly, authoritatively say, to keep your complexion lovely, radiant, youthful.

But beware of harsh cleansing methods. They injure skin.

Wash thoroughly with Palmolive Soap—each night before retiring. Rub the creamy, foamy lather well into the tiny pores. Rinse— and repeat the washing. Then rinse again.

Then—if skin is dry—apply a little cold cream. That is all. Skin so cared for is not injured by cosmetics, by wind and sun, or by dirt.

The simple, correct way

You cannot find a more effective beauty treatment. Because Palmolive Soap is blended of rare palm and olive oils—famous for mild but thorough cleansing qualities since the days of Cleopatra. And it is inexpensive.

Just be sure it is Palmolive that you get. Note name and wrapper—for Palmolive is never sold unwrapped. All dealers have it. In one week you will see most encouraging results!

THE PALMOLIVE COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED

Winnipeg Toronto Montreal

Palm and olive oils—nature's green color to Palmolive Soap.

MADE IN CANADA

2437

Volume and efficiency produce 25c quality for 10c

10c

PALMOLIVE

MADE IN CANADA

2437

Volume and efficiency produce 25c quality for 10c

10c

PALMOLIVE

MADE IN CANADA

2437

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THE PALMOLIVE COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED

Winnipeg Toronto Montreal

Palm and olive oils—nature's green color to Palmolive Soap.

MADE IN CANADA

2437

Volume and efficiency produce 25c quality for 10c

10c

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MADE IN CANADA

2437

You will be amazed, reading this, to discover the perfect simplicity of a beauty secret millions of women use.

Yet it is the most effective known. It will help you, too, in keeping the radiant loveliness of youthful skin.

Regularly, do this

Cleanse the skin regularly, authoritatively say, to keep your complexion lovely, radiant, youthful.

But beware of harsh cleansing methods. They injure skin.

Wash thoroughly with Palmolive Soap—each night before retiring. Rub the creamy, foamy lather well into the tiny pores. Rinse— and repeat the washing. Then rinse again.

Then—if skin is dry—apply a little cold cream. That is all. Skin so cared for is not injured by cosmetics, by wind and sun, or by dirt.

The simple, correct way

You cannot find a more effective beauty treatment. Because Palmolive Soap is blended of rare palm and olive oils—famous for mild but thorough cleansing qualities since the days of Cleopatra. And it is inexpensive.

Just be sure it is Palmolive that you get. Note name and wrapper—for Palmolive is never sold unwrapped. All dealers have it. In one week you will see most encouraging results!

THE PALMOLIVE COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED

Winnipeg Toronto Montreal

Palm and olive oils—nature's green color to Palmolive Soap.

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Volume and efficiency produce 25c quality for 10c

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GLOBE DRILLING

Co. Ltd.

Edmonton, Alta.
DOMINION CHARTER No. 77567

Developing 6000 Acres
in Irma, Wainwright, Pigeon Lake Fields.

No. 1 Well Drilling at 2000 ft. (Geologically) and Producing One Million Feet of Wet Gas.

Examine the construction, Directorate etc., of the
Globe Drilling Co. S.H. Smith Sec-treas
EDMONTON, 10004 101A AVENUE ALBERTA

USE THIS COUPON ---

INFORMATION COUPON

To the Directors of
GLOBE DRILLING COMPANY, Limited,
10004-101A Avenue, EDMONTON, ALBERTA

Gentlemen:

Without obligation on my part, please send me folders and full information of the Wainwright-Fabyan Oil Field.

Name

Address

"SILVER HORDE" READY FOR CANNERY



THE picture shows a scow-load of freshly caught salmon being unloaded at a Skeena River cannery in British Columbia, along the line of the Canadian National Railways. The Skeena and Nass Rivers are noted for their run of the famous Sockeye, the favorite salmon for canning purposes. The run of the crowding "silver horde" is one of Nature's marvels.

From the great nets, the fish, alighting, flopping and shining, are tumbled into the scows. From net to modern cannery the salmon

is untouched by the human hand. A mechanical conveyor takes them from the scow to the "iron Chink"—along so-called because it does the work formerly performed by an army of Chinese. This wonderful contrivance is fitted with an intricate arrangement of knives and cutters which slices off heads, tails and fins; scales and splits the fish; removes the entrails. Another conveyor then takes the fish to the cutter, where each is divided into convenient portions to fit the cans. All the operations are performed under a continuous spray

of water. The packed cans pass along the belt to the test tanks; are tested, cooked in a retort, and again mechanically conveyed to the labelling, packing and shipping rooms.

Among Canada's individual fish products, the cod and the salmon long fought for first place. But in the past 15 years salmon has definitely taken the lead. The pack of salmon in 1922 was, in round figures, 1,260,000 cases. But even this figure was exceeded by the great packs of 1917, 1918 and 1919.

Our Drill Is Now Going Down

We have a few Shares to offer at par \$1.00 each

Only Forty Thousand Shares being sold for our First Well.

Irma Oil Development Co.

Non-Personal Liability

IRMA,

ALBERTA

Here and There

The gold mines of Northern Ontario broke all previous records in the month of January, when they produced approximately \$2,100,000, based on preliminary reports received from the mines.

It is reported that arrangements have been made for the financing of a \$500,000 plant in Edmonton, Alta., for the manufacture of paving blocks from the tar sands of Fort McMurray.

The first of the private fur auction sales which the Hudson Bay Company has decided to hold in future at their head office in Montreal took place recently, when a collection of various furs, estimated roughly at \$25,000 to \$30,000 value, was put up for sale by sealed bids.

Grain handled at the port of Montreal in 1923 totalled 120,013,938 bushels, the largest amount shipped through any port in North America during the year. Montreal thus maintains for the third consecutive year her position as the leading grain exporting port of the continent.

Dr. Geo. H. Locke, chief librarian, Toronto, at the request of the Canadian Authors' Association, has undertaken to supervise the selection of volumes for the Canadian literature exhibit at the British Empire Exhibition. The task involves the gathering together of 600 representative books and it is anticipated will take about a fortnight.

From all indications, the potato shipments to Havana this season from the port of St. John, New Brunswick, will greatly exceed those of last year. At date there have been 750,307 bushels sent forward in twenty steamers, while from September 1, 1922, until January 31, 1923, a total of 505,668 bushels were shipped in seventeen steamers.

With heavy enquiries from South American sources for Canadian flour, millers expect to see their export volume substantially increased during the month of February. This movement, together with offerings of a premium for wheat at Vancouver, has been the most encouraging trade feature of the past month in Winnipeg, Man.

Colonel Geo. H. Ham, of the Canadian Pacific Railway, who recently returned from Florida, reports that Canada was prominently featured at the South Florida fair, held at Tampa some time ago. A very striking exhibit of Canadian products and natural resources was displayed and a "Canada Day" was celebrated, all of which is said to have been a revelation to those who attended.

The Canadian Pacific Railway announces that it will resume its winter cruises in 1925, one round the world and the other to the Mediterranean. The 22,000-ton Empress of France has been selected for the former cruise, which will last four months and will completely encircle the globe. She will start from New York on January 27th. The ship has been recently converted into an oil-burner and entirely renovated. The Empress of Scotland, 42,500-ton, will make the Mediterranean cruise, lasting four months and including all points of interest on that sea.

The Trans-Canada Limited, the crack daily train of the Canadian Pacific between Montreal and Vancouver, and the longest distance and fastest long-distance express in the world, will resume service May 18th at both ends of the route. The running time between Montreal and Vancouver, formerly 92 hours, has been cut by two hours and 40 minutes, by one hour and 15 minutes. These cuts will benefit those going to Europe and the Orient.

Buffalo meat from the park at Wainwright has recently been on sale throughout Canada and has been extremely well received. It is described as resembling beef but of a more gamey flavor. Government officials expect that this meat, with hides and other buffalo products, will become a regular source of income to the people of Canada in the future.

Work on the Kenogami dam, in the Province of Quebec, is reported as pressing very well, and the \$2,000,000 works located at the upper part of the Saguenay River are expected to be completed within 15 months. As a result of these works, the mills operated by the Price interests will be kept in full activity during the whole year, instead of partly closing down in the winter months, as they have had to do in the past.

More than \$12,000,000 worth of equipment was added to the Canadian Pacific Railway's service during 1923. Included were 16 Pacific and 20 Mikado type locomotives, all very powerful and equipped with the most modern devices for power, speed and economical operation. Other items were 15 steel baggage cars, 12 mail and express, 15 first class coaches, 6 café-parlor and buffet-parlor cars, 1,000 box cars, 250 freight refrigerator cars, 300 coal cars, 50 oil tank cars, 300 automobile cars, 36 vans for freight conductors and 14 snow-ploughs.

The seventh of Canada's direction-finding stations was recently completed for service by the radio branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, to assist the boats and ships navigating the Bay of Fundy and the coastal waters extending to Boston. This station tends to make the route favored by the Canadian Pacific steamships in winter, already splendidly equipped with safety devices, still safer. By means of the apparatus, the wireless operator of any ship in distress within 400 miles of the Canadian shore can find his location simply by pressing a spring. These stations have been described as "Godsend to us mariners."

Twenty-five officers and 200 men of the Royal Navy, from the special service squadron headed by H.M.S. Hood, enjoyed a trip through the Rockies last week. The Canadian Pacific lines while their ships were anchored at Vancouver recently. The sailors, who made a point, in true naval style, of seeing and doing everything, were enthusiastic over the scenery at such show-places as Banff and Lake Louise, which they declared the most beautiful they had seen in all their world cruise.

To add encouragement to the raising of high-class swine, which is being fostered by the governments of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Canadian Pacific Railway is awarding a championship cup to the Boys' and Girls' Swine Clubs winning the club competitions in these provinces. The cups are for annual competition, but will become the property of the club if won for three years in succession. Medals will be awarded individual members. This year winning teams resident on the Compu's lines will also be granted a free trip to the Royal stock show at Toronto.

The Arts, Science and Letters Society of the Province of Quebec recently sent a questionnaire to the various clubs of Quebec and Montmagny counties, seeking information as to the age and size of families residing in those territories. It was discovered that the family of Ismael Boiard had remained on the same land at Charlevoix since 1629, that the largest family in Montmagny was that of Hector Laliberté, of St. Jean, Island of Orleans, who has 20 children living, and that Joseph Gagnon, St. Pierre, Island of Orleans, has the largest number of living descendants, 210.

Viking

Harvesting in the Viking district will commence about September 1st. While a few isolated fields have already been cut, it is believed that cutting in general will not begin until September. Wheat should average 10 or 11 bushels to the acre and oats 20 to 30.

The heavy rains of the past two weeks have improved the hay and green feed situation and stock raisers should have no difficulty in securing enough to carry them through the winter. It is estimated that this district will produce about 350,000 bushels of grain this year, which is a third of last year's crop.

Prices are way higher than prevailed at this time last year and farmers generally should realize as much cash from this year's crop as from last year's if the price stays up. In most cases there will be no extra help needed, the twine bill will be lower and also the threshing bill. There will be less hauling to do, and as we have said, if the present prices remain, chances are there will be as much money realized from the present crop as from last year's.

This morning we had the pleasure of a visit from W. H. Chapman, of Millington, Conn., who for a wage of \$5,000 is walking from that city to Prince Rupert, B. C., a short distance of only 16,000 miles. Mr. Chapman is only 76 years of age and his walk and step has the spring of youth. His knapsack is full of good wishes from all the Mayors and premiers all along his route. One was added here by Mayor Campbell and Secretary McAthey.

Viking's re-organized ball team went down to Sedgewick last Wednesday to take part in a four team tournament and came home with the first money. The line-up was practically the same as has been played all summer with the exception of J. L. Slavik as manager. The first game was with Camrose which our boys won easily as the Camrose team couldn't get settled down. Viking got five runs in the first inning, four errors, a walk and a hit being enough to win the game. Long pitched his usual steady game and with good support held his opponents down to two hits and one run and the boys have a shut-out only for an error by one of his team mates. It was a "dandy game outside of the first inning. Our boys batted and fielded well, Ross being credited with two hits.

Mr. and Mrs. Steve Jones and two children of Viking passed through Camrose yesterday enroute to their home after a car trip to Banff and Windermere. They left here on July 24th after spending part of the day at the exhibition. Mr. Jones reports a splendid trip without mishaps—Camrose Canadian.

After enjoying a very auspicious opening day on Thursday, August 14, the Viking Fair had to be called off on account of rain which fell all day and made it impossible to carry on.

Thursday morning dawned bright and clear and by noon the exhibition grounds presented a very animated appearance with the horses, cattle, sheep and poultry making their presence known.

The exhibition was formally opened at two o'clock when Archbishop O'Leary was introduced to the large crowd by President R. D. McLaren. Archbishop O'Leary referred to the usefulness of fairs and the community building aspect they have. He alluded to the sportsmanship of competing against one another at these fairs and the incentive it meant to try to better the entries every year. He spoke of the greatness of Canada and the great privilege we all enjoyed by being fortunate enough to be living here, an empire in itself.

Mr. Adair, of Peace River, owner of an aeroplane, was here Tuesday giving our citizens a chance to take a ride. The plane was piloted by Wop May, of Edmonton, an experienced aviator. Many of our citizens took to the air and enjoyed the sensation of flying and got higher from the earth than perhaps many of them will ever get again.

The large barn on the former Henry Essig farm about twelve miles north of town burned to the ground last week, and we understand the barn and contents were a total loss.

Miss Graham, R. N., who has been visiting her brother P. Graham, left for the East. Miss Graham has been up in Labrador for several years nursing at the Dr. Grenfield's Mission. Miss Olive Graham, R. N. has accepted a position on the nursing staff at the Royal Alexander, Edmonton.

Miss Stella Hoinen and Mrs. Thunell were visitors in Edmonton on Tuesday.

Walter Bertall, of Hardisty, visited with his friend Roy Gravett at the King Edward hotel last week.

Among the guests at the King Edward hotel this week are Mr. and Mrs. Flaade and two children and Mr. Carlson, of Hardisty.